

## 6. Bearing tolerances

### 6.1 Dimensional and rotational accuracy

Bearing “tolerances” or dimensional accuracy and running accuracy, are regulated by ISO and JIS standards, JIS B 1514 (rolling bearing tolerances) series. For **dimensional accuracy**, these standards prescribe the tolerances necessary when installing bearings on shafts or in housings. **Running accuracy** is defined as the allowable limits for bearing runout during operation.

#### Dimensional accuracy

Dimensional accuracy constitutes the acceptable values for bore diameter, outside diameter, assembled bearing width, and bore diameter uniformity as seen in chamfer dimensions, allowable inner ring tapered bore deviation and shape error. Also included are variation of mean bore diameter within a plane, outside diameter within a plane, mean outside diameter within a plane, as well as raceway thickness (for thrust bearings).

#### Running accuracy

Running accuracy constitutes the acceptable values for inner and outer ring radial runout and axial runout, inner ring side surface squareness, and outer ring outside diameter squareness.

Allowable rolling bearing tolerances have been established according to precision classes. Bearing precision is stipulated as JIS Class 6, Class 5, Class 4, or Class 2, with precision rising from ordinary precision indicated by JIS Class 0.

**Table 6.1** indicates which standards and precision classes are applicable to the major bearing types. **Table 6.2** shows a relative comparison between JIS B 1514 precision class standards and other standards.

For details of allowable limitations and values, refer to **Table 6.4** through **Table 6.10**, which are described in the application table column of **Table 6.1**. Allowable values for chamfer dimensions are shown in **Table 6.11**. Allowable limitations and values for radial bearing inner ring tapered bores are shown in **Table 6.12**.

Table 6.1 Bearing types and applicable tolerance

Bearing type		Applicable standard	Accuracy class					Tolerance table
Deep groove ball bearings		JIS B 1514-1 (ISO 492)	Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	Table 6.4
Angular contact ball bearings			Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	
Self-aligning ball bearings			Class 0	—	—	—	—	
Cylindrical roller bearings			Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	
Needle roller bearings			Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	—	
Spherical roller bearings			Class 0	—	—	—	—	
Tapered roller bearings	Metric series (single-row)	JIS B 1514	Class 0, 6X	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4	—	Table 6.5
	Metric series (double-row/four-row)	BAS 1002	Class 0	—	—	—	—	Table 6.7
	Inch series	ANSI/ABMA Std.19	Class 4	Class 2	Class 3	Class 0	Class 00	Table 6.6
	J series	ANSI/ABMA Std.19.1	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class A	Table 6.8
Thrust ball bearings		JIS B 1514-2 (ISO 199)	Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	—	Table 6.9
Thrust spherical roller bearings			Class 0	—	—	—	—	Table 6.10

1) The class is the NTN standard class.

Table 6.2 Comparison of tolerance classifications of national standards

Standard	Applicable standard	Accuracy class					Bearing type
Japanese industrial standards (JIS)	JIS B 1514-1	Class 0, 6	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	Radial bearings
	JIS B 1514-2	Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	—	Thrust bearings
International Organization for Standardization (ISO)	ISO 492	Normal class Class 6X	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	Radial bearings
	ISO 199	Normal class	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	—	Thrust bearings
	ISO 578	Class 4	—	Class 3	Class 0	Class 00	Tapered roller bearings (Inch series)
	ISO 1224	—	—	Class 5A	Class 4A	—	Precision instrument bearings
Deutsches Institut für Normung (DIN)	DIN 620	P0	P6	P5	P4	P2	All types
American National Standards Institute (ANSI) American Bearing Manufacturer's Association (ABMA)	ANSI/ABMA Std.20 <sup>1)</sup>	ABEC-1 RBEC-1	ABEC-3 RBEC-3	ABEC-5 RBEC-5	ABEC-7	ABEC-9	Radial bearings (excluding tapered roller bearings)
	ANSI/ABMA Std.19.1	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class A	Tapered roller bearings (Metric series)
	ANSI/ABMA Std.19	Class 4	Class 2	Class 3	Class 0	Class 00	Tapered roller bearings (Inch series)

1) “ABEC” is applied to ball bearings and “RBEC” to roller bearings.

Note: 1. JIS B 1514 series, ISO 492, 199, and DIN 620 have the same specification level.

2. The tolerance and allowance of JIS B 1514 series are slightly different from those of ABMA standards.

**Application of accuracy class**

Ordinary precision JIS Class 0 is applied to general roller bearings. However, depending on the conditions and applications, bearings with JIS Class 5 or higher may be necessary.

Table 6.3 shows application examples of accuracy class according to the required performance of bearings to be used.

Table 6.3 Application example of accuracy class

Required performance	Application example	Applied accuracy class
Accuracy under high speed	Machine tool main spindles Printing machine body bearings Magnetic tape guides	JIS Class 5, JIS Class 4 or higher JIS Class 5 JIS Class 5
High rotational speed	Jet engine main spindles Turbochargers Machine tool main spindles Touchdown bearings of magnetic bearing spindles for turbo-molecular pumps	JIS Class 4 or higher Equivalent to JIS Class 4 JIS Class 5, JIS Class 4 or higher JIS Class 5
Low torque low noise	Machine tool main spindles Hubs of road bikes Cleaner motors Hand spinners Fan motors	JIS Class 5, JIS Class 4 or higher JIS Class 5 JIS Class 0 JIS Class 0 JIS Class 0

**6.2 JIS terms**

The following is a description of JIS accuracy terms used in Table 6.4.

(However, the outside diameter surface is omitted because the meaning is similar.)

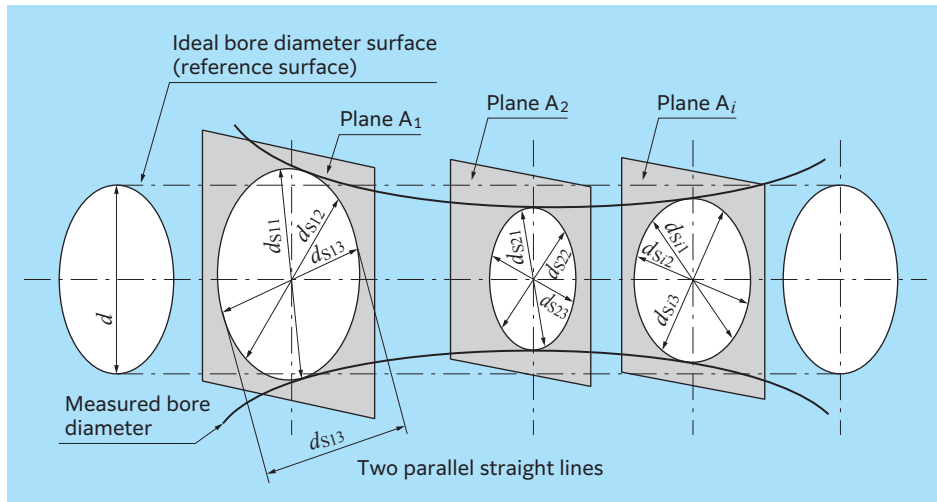


Fig. 6.1 Shape model figure

Terms	Quantifiers	Description
Nominal bore diameter	$d$	Reference dimension representing the bore diameter size, and reference value with respect to the dimensional difference of the actual bore diameter surface.
Single bore diameter	$d_s$	Distance between two parallel straight lines that are in contact with the intersection line of the actual bearing bore diameter surface and the radial plane.
Deviation of a single bore diameter	$\Delta d_s$	Difference between $d_s$ and $d$ (difference of nominal diameter serving as the measured bore and standard).
Mean bore diameter in a single plane	$d_{mp}$	Arithmetic mean of the maximum and minimum measured bore diameters within one radial plane. In the model figure, in arbitrary radial plane $A_i$ , when the maximum bore diameter is $d_{s11}$ and the minimum bore diameter is $d_{s13}$ , the value is obtained by $(d_{s11} + d_{s13})/2$ . There is one value for each plane.
Mean bore diameter	$d_m$	Arithmetic mean of the maximum and minimum measured bore diameters obtained from all the cylindrical surfaces. In the model figure, when the maximum measured bore diameter is $d_{s11}$ and the minimum measured bore diameter is $d_{s23}$ , which are obtained from the all the planes $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_i$ , the mean bore diameter is obtained by $(d_{s11} + d_{s23})/2$ . There is one value for one cylindrical surface.
Deviation of mean bore diameter	$\Delta d_m$	Difference between the mean bore diameter and the nominal bore diameter.
Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane	$\Delta d_{mp}$	Difference between the arithmetic mean and the nominal bore diameter of the maximum and minimum measured bore diameters within one radial plane. The value is specified in JIS.
Variation of bore diameter in a single plane	$V_{dsp}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum measured bore diameters within one radial plane. In the model figure, in radial plane $A_1$ , when the maximum measured bore diameter is $d_{s11}$ and the minimum measured bore diameter is $d_{s13}$ , the difference is $V_{dsp}$ and one value can be obtained for one plane. This characteristic is an index that indicates the roundness. The value is specified in JIS.
Variation of mean bore diameter	$V_{dmp}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum values of the mean bore diameter within a plane that are obtained from all the planes. A unique value is obtained for each product, and it is near to cylindricity (that is different from geometric cylindricity). The value is specified in JIS.
Nominal inner ring width	$B$	Distance between both theoretical side surfaces of a raceway. This value is a reference dimension that represents the raceway surface (distance between both side surfaces).
Single inner ring width	$B_s$	Distance between two intersections. The straight is perpendicular to the plane that is in contact with the inner ring reference side and both actual side surfaces. This value represents the actual width dimension of an inner ring.
Deviation of a single inner ring width	$\Delta B_s$	Difference between the measured inner ring width and the nominal inner ring width. This value is also the difference between the measured inner ring width dimension and the reference dimension that represents the inner ring width. The value is specified in JIS.
Variation of inner ring width	$V_{Bs}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum measured inner ring widths, which are specified in JIS.
Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing	$K_{ia}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum values of the radial distance between the inner ring bore diameter at each angle position and one fixed point of the outer ring outside diameter surface with respect to radial runout.
Axial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing	$S_{ia}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum values of the axial distance between the inner ring reference side surface at each angle position and one fixed point of the outer ring outside diameter surface with respect to half the radial distance of the raceway contact diameter from the inner ring central axis and the inner ring of a deep groove ball bearing.

# Bearing Tolerances

**Table 6.4 Tolerance of radial bearings (except tapered roller bearings)**

**Table 6.4 (1) Inner rings**

Nominal bore diameter $d$		Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane $\Delta_{dmp}$						Variation of bore diameter in a single plane $V_{dsp}$																		
mm	Over Incl.	Class 0		Class 6		Class 5		Class 4 <sup>1)</sup>		Class 2 <sup>1)</sup>		Diameter series 9				Diameter series 0, 1				Diameter series 2, 3, 4						
		Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Max.				Max.				Max.						
														Max.				Max.				Max.				
0.6 <sup>4)</sup>	2.5	0	-8	0	-7	0	-5	0	-4	0	-2.5	10	9	5	4	2.5	8	7	4	3	2.5	6	5	4	3	2.5
2.5	10	0	-8	0	-7	0	-5	0	-4	0	-2.5	10	9	5	4	2.5	8	7	4	3	2.5	6	5	4	3	2.5
10	18	0	-8	0	-7	0	-5	0	-4	0	-2.5	10	9	5	4	2.5	8	7	4	3	2.5	6	5	4	3	2.5
18	30	0	-10	0	-8	0	-6	0	-5	0	-2.5	13	10	6	5	2.5	10	8	5	4	2.5	8	6	5	4	2.5
30	50	0	-12	0	-10	0	-8	0	-6	0	-2.5	15	13	8	6	2.5	12	10	6	5	2.5	9	8	6	5	2.5
50	80	0	-15	0	-12	0	-9	0	-7	0	-4	19	15	9	7	4	19	15	7	5	4	11	9	7	5	4
80	120	0	-20	0	-15	0	-10	0	-8	0	-5	25	19	10	8	5	25	19	8	6	5	15	11	8	6	5
120	150	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10	0	-7	31	23	13	10	7	31	23	10	8	7	19	14	10	8	7
150	180	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10	0	-7	31	23	13	10	7	31	23	10	8	7	19	14	10	8	7
180	250	0	-30	0	-22	0	-15	0	-12	0	-8	38	28	15	12	8	38	28	12	9	8	23	17	12	9	8
250	315	0	-35	0	-25	0	-18	0	0	0	0	44	31	18	0	0	44	31	14	0	0	26	19	14	0	0
315	400	0	-40	0	-30	0	-23	0	0	0	0	50	38	23	0	0	50	38	18	0	0	30	23	18	0	0
400	500	0	-45	0	-35	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	44	0	0	0	56	44	0	0	0	34	26	0	0	0
500	630	0	-50	0	-40	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	50	0	0	0	63	50	0	0	0	38	30	0	0	0
630	800	0	-75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
800	1000	0	-100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1000	1250	0	-125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1250	1600	0	-160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1600	2000	0	-200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	2500	0	-250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1) The dimensional difference  $\Delta_{ds}$  of the measured bore diameter applied to Classes 4 and 2 is the same as the tolerance of dimensional difference  $\Delta_{dmp}$  of the mean bore diameter within a plane. However, the dimensional difference is applied to diameter series 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4 for Class 4, and also to all the diameter series for Class 2.

**Table 6.4 (2) Outer rings**

Nominal outside diameter $D$		Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane $\Delta_{Dmp}$						Variation of outside diameter in a single plane <sup>6)</sup> $V_{Dsp}$																		
mm	Over Incl.	Class 0		Class 6		Class 5		Class 4 <sup>5)</sup>		Class 2 <sup>5)</sup>		Diameter series 9				Diameter series 0, 1				Diameter series 2, 3, 4						
		Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Max.				Max.				Max.						
														Max.				Max.				Max.				
2.5 <sup>8)</sup>	6	0	-8	0	-7	0	-5	0	-4	0	-2.5	10	9	5	4	2.5	8	7	4	3	2.5	6	5	4	3	2.5
6	18	0	-8	0	-7	0	-5	0	-4	0	-2.5	10	9	5	4	2.5	8	7	4	3	2.5	6	5	4	3	2.5
18	30	0	-9	0	-8	0	-6	0	-5	0	-4	12	10	6	5	4	12	10	6	5	4	7	6	5	4	4
30	50	0	-11	0	-9	0	-7	0	-6	0	-4	14	11	7	6	4	11	9	5	5	4	8	7	5	5	4
50	80	0	-13	0	-11	0	-9	0	-7	0	-4	16	14	9	7	4	13	11	7	5	4	10	8	7	5	4
80	120	0	-15	0	-13	0	-10	0	-8	0	-5	19	16	10	8	5	19	16	8	6	5	11	10	8	6	5
120	150	0	-18	0	-15	0	-11	0	-9	0	-5	23	19	11	9	5	23	19	8	7	5	14	11	8	7	5
150	180	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10	0	-7	31	23	13	10	7	31	23	10	8	7	19	14	10	8	7
180	250	0	-30	0	-20	0	-15	0	-11	0	-8	38	25	15	11	8	38	25	11	8	8	23	15	11	8	8
250	315	0	-35	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	0	-8	44	31	18	13	8	44	31	14	10	8	26	19	14	10	8
315	400	0	-40	0	-28	0	-20	0	-15	0	-10	50	35	20	15	10	50	35	15	11	10	30	21	15	11	10
400	500	0	-45	0	-33	0	-23	0	0	0	0	56	41	23	0	0	56	41	17	0	0	34	25	17	0	0
500	630	0	-50	0	-38	0	-28	0	0	0	0	63	48	28	0	0	63	48	21	0	0	38	29	21	0	0
630	800	0	-75	0	-45	0	-35	0	0	0	0	94	56	35	0	0	94	56	26	0	0	55	34	26	0	0
800	1000	0	-100	0	-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	75	0	0	0	125	75	0	0	0	75	45	0	0	0
1000	1250	0	-125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1250	1600	0	-160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1600	2000	0	-200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	2500	0	-250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5) The dimensional difference  $\Delta_{Ds}$  of the measured outside diameter applied to Classes 4 and 2 is the same as the tolerance of dimensional difference  $\Delta_{Dmp}$  of the mean outside diameter within a plane. However, the dimensional difference is applied to diameter series 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4 for Class 4, and also to all the diameter series for Class 2.

# Bearing Tolerances

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Variation of mean bore diameter $V_{dmp}$		Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing $K_{ia}$				Perpendicularity of inner ring face with respect to the bore $S_d$		Axial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing $S_{ia}^{2)}$		Deviation of a single inner ring width $\Delta_{Bs}$						Variation of inner ring width $V_{Bs}$																
Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4	Class 2	Normal bearings			Duplex bearings <sup>3)</sup>			Max.											
															Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
																											Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
6	5	3	2	1.5	10	5	4	2.5	1.5	7	3	1.5	7	3	1.5	0	-40	0	-40	0	-40	0	-250	0	-250	12	12	5	2.5	1.5		
6	5	3	2	1.5	10	6	4	2.5	1.5	7	3	1.5	7	3	1.5	0	-120	0	-40	0	-40	0	-250	0	-250	15	15	5	2.5	1.5		
6	5	3	2	1.5	10	7	4	2.5	1.5	7	3	1.5	7	3	1.5	0	-120	0	-80	0	-80	0	-250	0	-250	20	20	5	2.5	1.5		
8	6	3	2.5	1.5	13	8	4	3	2.5	8	4	1.5	8	4	2.5	0	-120	0	-120	0	-120	0	-250	0	-250	20	20	5	2.5	1.5		
9	8	4	3	1.5	15	10	5	4	2.5	8	4	1.5	8	4	2.5	0	-120	0	-120	0	-120	0	-250	0	-250	20	20	5	3	1.5		
11	9	5	3.5	2	20	10	5	4	2.5	8	5	1.5	8	5	2.5	0	-150	0	-150	0	-150	0	-380	0	-250	25	25	6	4	1.5		
15	11	5	4	2.5	25	13	6	5	2.5	9	5	2.5	9	5	2.5	0	-200	0	-200	0	-200	0	-380	0	-380	25	25	7	4	2.5		
19	14	7	5	3.5	30	18	8	6	2.5	10	6	2.5	10	7	2.5	0	-250	0	-250	0	-250	0	-500	0	-380	30	30	8	5	2.5		
19	14	7	5	3.5	30	18	8	6	5	10	6	4	10	7	5	0	-250	0	-250	0	-250	0	-500	0	-380	30	30	8	5	4		
23	17	8	6	4	40	20	10	8	5	11	7	5	11	8	5	0	-300	0	-300	0	-300	0	-500	0	-500	30	30	10	6	5		
26	19	9	0	0	50	25	13	0	0	13	0	0	13	8	5	0	-350	0	0	0	0	0	-500	0	0	35	35	13	0	0		
30	23	12	0	0	60	30	15	0	0	15	0	0	20	0	0	0	-400	0	0	0	0	0	-630	0	0	40	40	15	0	0		
34	26	0	0	0	65	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	45	0	0	0		
38	30	0	0	0	70	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	50	0	0	0		
55	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	0	0	0	0		
75	0																															

Table 6.5 Tolerance of tapered roller bearings (metric series)

Table 6.5 (1) Inner rings

Nominal bore diameter $d$	Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane $\Delta_{dmp}$					Variation of bore diameter in a single plane $V_{dsp}$				Variation of mean bore diameter $V_{dmp}$				Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing $K_{ia}$				Perpendicularity of inner ring face with respect to the bore $S_d$		
	Class 0		Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>			Class 0	Class 6x	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4	Class 0	Class 6x	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4	Class 0	Class 6x	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4
	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper															
10 18	0	-12	0	-7	0	-5	12	7	5	4	9	5	5	4	15	7	5	3	7	3
18 30	0	-12	0	-8	0	-6	12	8	6	5	9	6	5	4	18	8	5	3	8	4
30 50	0	-12	0	-10	0	-8	12	10	8	6	9	8	5	5	20	10	6	4	8	4
50 80	0	-15	0	-12	0	-9	15	12	9	7	11	9	6	5	25	10	7	4	8	5
80 120	0	-20	0	-15	0	-10	20	15	11	8	15	11	8	5	30	13	8	5	9	5
120 180	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	25	18	14	10	19	14	9	7	35	18	11	6	10	6
180 250	0	-30	0	-22	0	-15	30	22	17	11	23	16	11	8	50	20	13	8	11	7
250 315	0	-35	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	60	—	—	—	—	—
315 400	0	-40	—	—	—	—	40	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	70	—	—	—	—	—

1) Class 6 is the NTN standard class.  
 2) The dimensional difference  $\Delta_{ds}$  of the measured bore diameter applied to Class 4 is the same as the tolerance of dimensional difference  $\Delta_{dmp}$  of the mean bore diameter within a plane.

Table 6.5 (2) Outer rings

Nominal outside diameter $D$	Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane $\Delta_{Dmp}$					Variation of outside diameter in a single plane $V_{Dsp}$				Variation of mean outside diameter $V_{Dmp}$				Radial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing $K_{ea}$				Perpendicularity of outer ring outside surface with respect to the face $S_D$ <sup>3)</sup>		
	Class 0		Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>			Class 0	Class 6x	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4	Class 0	Class 6x	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4	Class 0	Class 6x	Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>	Class 5	Class 4
	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper															
18 30	0	-12	0	-8	0	-6	12	8	6	5	9	6	5	4	18	9	6	4	8	4
30 50	0	-14	0	-9	0	-7	14	9	7	5	11	7	5	5	20	10	7	5	8	4
50 80	0	-16	0	-11	0	-9	16	11	8	7	12	8	6	5	25	13	8	5	8	4
80 120	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10	18	13	10	8	14	10	7	5	35	18	10	6	9	5
120 150	0	-20	0	-15	0	-11	20	15	11	8	15	11	8	6	40	20	11	7	10	5
150 180	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	25	18	14	10	19	14	9	7	45	23	13	8	10	5
180 250	0	-30	0	-20	0	-15	30	20	15	11	23	15	10	8	50	25	15	10	11	7
250 315	0	-35	0	-25	0	-18	35	25	19	14	26	19	13	9	60	30	18	11	13	8
315 400	0	-40	0	-28	0	-20	40	28	22	15	30	21	14	10	70	35	20	13	13	10
400 500	0	-45	—	—	—	—	45	—	—	—	34	—	—	—	80	—	—	—	—	—
500 630	0	-50	—	—	—	—	60	—	—	—	38	—	—	—	100	—	—	—	—	—

3) Does not apply to bearings with flange.  
 4) The dimensional difference  $\Delta_{Ds}$  of the measured outside diameter applied to Class 4 is the same as the tolerance of dimensional difference  $\Delta_{Dmp}$  of the mean outside diameter within a plane.

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Axial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing $S_{ia}$	Deviation of a single inner ring width $\Delta_{Bs}$						Deviation of the actual assembled bearing width $\Delta_{Ts}$					
	Class 0		Class 6		Class 5		Class 0		Class 6		Class 5	
	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
3	0	-120	0	-50	0	-200	+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200
4	0	-120	0	-50	0	-200	+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200
4	0	-120	0	-50	0	-240	+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200
4	0	-150	0	-50	0	-300	+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200
5	0	-200	0	-50	0	-400	+200	-200	+100	0	+200	-200
7	0	-250	0	-50	0	-500	+350	-250	+150	0	+350	-250
8	0	-300	0	-50	0	-600	+350	-250	+150	0	+350	-250
—	0	-350	0	-50	—	—	+350	-250	+200	0	—	—
—	0	-400	0	-50	—	—	+400	-400	+200	0	—	—

Table 6.5 (3) Effective width of inner subunits and outer rings

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Axial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing $S_{ea}$	Deviation of a single outer ring width $\Delta_{Cs}$				
	Class 0, Class 6 <sup>1)</sup>		Class 5, Class 4		
	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	
Class 4 Max.	Class 6x <sup>5)</sup>				
5	0	-100	0	-100	
5	Depends on tolerance of $\Delta_{Bs}$ in relation to $d$ of the same bearing	0	-100	0	-100
6	0	-100	0	-100	
7	0	-100	0	-100	
8	0	-100	0	-100	
10	0	-100	0	-100	
10	0	-100	0	-100	
13	0	-100	0	-100	
—	0	-100	0	-100	
—	0	-100	0	-100	

5) Applies to bearings with a nominal bore diameter  $d$  over 10 mm and 400 mm or less.

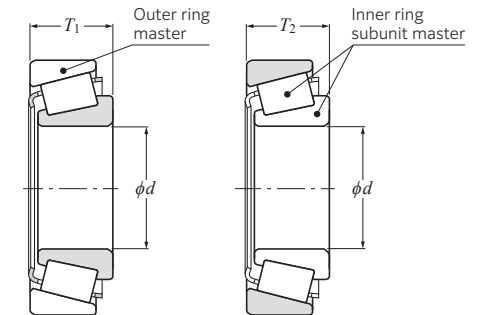


Table 6.6 Tolerance of tapered roller bearings (inch series)

Table 6.6 (1) Inner rings

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal bore diameter $d$		Deviation of a single bore diameter $\Delta_{ds}$									
mm (inch)		Class 4		Class 2		Class 3		Class 0		Class 00	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
—	—	+13	0	+13	0	+13	0	+13	0	+8	0
76.2 ( 3 )	266.7 (10.5)	+25	0	+25	0	+13	0	+13	0	+8	0
266.7 (10.5)	304.8 (12 )	+25	0	+25	0	+13	0	+13	0	—	—
304.8 (12 )	609.6 (24 )	+51	0	+51	0	+25	0	—	—	—	—
609.6 (24 )	914.4 (36 )	+76	0	—	—	+38	0	—	—	—	—
914.4 (36 )	1 219.2 (48 )	+102	0	—	—	+51	0	—	—	—	—
1 219.2 (48 )	—	+127	0	—	—	+76	0	—	—	—	—

Table 6.6 (2) Outer rings

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal outside diameter $D$		Deviation of a single outside diameter $\Delta_{Ds}$									
mm (inch)		Class 4		Class 2		Class 3		Class 0		Class 00	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
—	—	+25	0	+25	0	+13	0	+13	0	+8	0
266.7 (10.5)	304.8 (12 )	+25	0	+25	0	+13	0	+13	0	—	—
304.8 (12 )	609.6 (24 )	+51	0	+51	0	+25	0	—	—	—	—
609.6 (24 )	914.4 (36 )	+76	0	+76	0	+38	0	—	—	—	—
914.4 (36 )	1 219.2 (48 )	+102	0	—	—	+51	0	—	—	—	—
1 219.2 (48 )	—	+127	0	—	—	+76	0	—	—	—	—

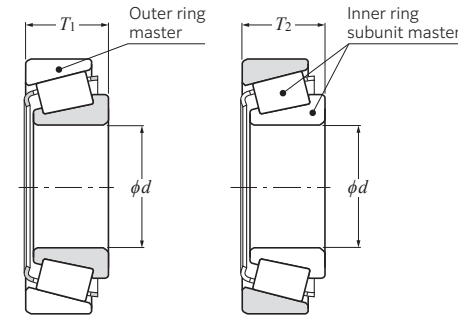
Table 6.6 (3) Assembly width of single-row bearings, combination width of 4-row bearings, effective width of inner ring subunits, effective width of outer rings

Nominal bore diameter $d$		Nominal outside diameter $D$		Deviation of the actual assembled single row bearing width $\Delta_{Ts}$						Deviation of four-row bearing overall width $\Delta_{B2s}, \Delta_{C2s}$	
mm (inch)		mm (inch)		Class 4		Class 2		Class 3		Class 0,0	
Over	Incl.	Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
—	101.6 ( 4 )	—	—	+203	0	+203	0	+203	-203	+203	-203
101.6 ( 4 )	304.8 (12 )	—	—	+356	-254	+203	0	+203	-203	+203	-203
304.8 (12 )	609.6 (24 )	—	508.0 (20)	+381	-381	+381	-381	+203	-203	—	—
304.8 (12 )	609.6 (24 )	508.0 (20)	—	+381	-381	+381	-381	+381	-381	—	—
609.6 (24 )	—	—	—	+381	-381	—	—	+381	-381	—	—

Table 6.6 (4) Radial runout of inner and outer rings

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal outside diameter $D$		Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing $K_{ia}$					Radial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing $K_{ea}$				
mm (inch)		Class 4		Class 2		Class 3		Class 0		Class 00	
Over	Incl.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.
—	304.8 (14)	51	38	8	4	2	—	—	—	—	—
304.8 (14)	609.6 (24)	51	38	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
609.6 (24)	914.4 (36)	76	51	51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
914.4 (36)	—	76	—	76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Deviation of the actual effective width of inner subunit assembled with a master outer ring $\Delta_{T1s}$						Deviation of the actual effective width of outer ring assembled with a master inner subunit $\Delta_{T2s}$					
Class 4		Class 2		Class 3		Class 4		Class 2		Class 3	
Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
+102	0	+102	0	+102	-102	+102	0	+102	0	+102	-102
+152	-152	+102	0	+102	-102	+102	0	+102	0	+102	-102
—	—	+178	-178 <sup>1)</sup>	+102	-102 <sup>1)</sup>	—	—	+203	-203 <sup>1)</sup>	+102	-102 <sup>1)</sup>
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

1) Applies to nominal bore diameters  $d$  of 406.400 mm (16 inch) or less.

Table 6.7 Tolerance of double-row and four-row tapered roller bearings (metric series)

Table 6.7 (1) Inner rings

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal bore diameter $d$ mm		Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane $\Delta d_{mp}$		Variation of bore diameter in a single plane $V_{dsp}$		Variation of mean bore diameter $V_{dmp}$		Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing $K_{ia}$		Deviation of a single inner ring width $\Delta B_s$		Deviation of bearing overall width			
												Double row bearing $\Delta B_{1s}$		Four-row bearing $\Delta B_{2s}$	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Max.	Max.	Max.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	
30	50	0	-12	12	9	20	0	-120	+240	-240	—	—			
50	80	0	-15	15	11	25	0	-150	+300	-300	—	—			
80	120	0	-20	20	15	30	0	-200	+400	-400	+500	-500			
120	180	0	-25	25	19	35	0	-250	+500	-500	+600	-600			
180	250	0	-30	30	23	50	0	-300	+600	-600	+750	-750			
250	315	0	-35	35	26	60	0	-350	+700	-700	+900	-900			
315	400	0	-40	40	30	70	0	-400	+800	-800	+1 000	-1 000			
400	500	0	-45	45	34	80	0	-450	+900	-900	+1 200	-1 200			
500	630	0	-60	60	40	90	0	-500	+1 000	-1 000	+1 200	-1 200			
630	800	0	-75	75	45	100	0	-750	+1 500	-1 500	+1 500	-1 500			
800	1 000	0	-100	100	55	115	0	-1 000	+1 500	-1 500	+1 500	-1 500			

1) Values in dot-line frame are the NTN standard.

Table 6.7 (2) Outer rings

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal outside diameter $D$ mm		Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane $\Delta D_{mp}$		Variation of outside diameter in a single plane $V_{Dsp}$		Variation of mean outside diameter $V_{Dmp}$		Radial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing $K_{ea}$		Deviation of a single outer ring width $\Delta C_s$		Deviation of bearing overall width			
												Double row bearing $\Delta C_{1s}$		Four-row bearing $\Delta C_{2s}$	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Max.	Max.	Max.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	
50	80	0	-16	16	12	25	Depends on tolerance of $\Delta B_s$ in relation to $d$ of the same bearing	Depends on tolerance of $\Delta B_{1s}$ in relation to $d$ of the same bearing	Depends on tolerance of $\Delta B_{2s}$ in relation to $d$ of the same bearing						
80	120	0	-18	18	14	35									
120	150	0	-20	20	15	40									
150	180	0	-25	25	19	45									
180	250	0	-30	30	23	50									
250	315	0	-35	35	26	60									
315	400	0	-40	40	30	70									
400	500	0	-45	45	34	80									
500	630	0	-50	60	38	100									
630	800	0	-75	80	55	120									
800	1 000	0	-100	100	75	140									
1 000	1 250	0	-125	130	90	160									
1 250	1 600	0	-160	170	100	180									

Table 6.8 Tolerance of tapered roller bearings of J series (metric series)

Table 6.8 (1) Inner rings

Nominal bore diameter <i>d</i> mm		Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane								Variation of bore diameter in a single plane				Variation of mean bore diameter				Axial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing <i>S<sub>ia</sub></i> Class B Max.						
		$\Delta d_{mp}$								<i>V<sub>dsp</sub></i>				<i>V<sub>dmp</sub></i>										
		Class K		Class N		Class C		Class B		Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B							
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B			
										Max.				Max.										
10	18	0	-12	0	-12	0	-7	0	-5	12	12	4	3	9	9	5	4					3		
18	30	0	-12	0	-12	0	-8	0	-6	12	12	4	3	9	9	5	4					4		
30	50	0	-12	0	-12	0	-10	0	-8	12	12	4	3	9	9	5	5					4		
50	80	0	-15	0	-15	0	-12	0	-9	15	15	5	3	11	11	5	5					4		
80	120	0	-20	0	-20	0	-15	0	-10	20	20	5	3	15	15	5	5					5		
120	180	0	-25	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	25	25	5	3	19	19	5	7					7		
180	250	0	-30	0	-30	0	-22	0	-15	30	30	6	4	23	23	5	8					8		

Note: Please consult NTN Engineering for Class A bearings.

Table 6.8 (2) Outer rings

Nominal outside diameter <i>D</i> mm		Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane								Variation of outside diameter in a single plane				Variation of mean outside diameter				Axial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing <i>S<sub>ea</sub></i> Class B Max.									
		$\Delta D_{mp}$								<i>V<sub>Dsp</sub></i>				<i>V<sub>Dmp</sub></i>													
		Class K		Class N		Class C		Class B		Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B										
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B		
										Max.				Max.													
18	30	0	-12	0	-12	0	-8	0	-6	12	12	4	3	9	9	5	4					3					
30	50	0	-14	0	-14	0	-9	0	-7	14	14	4	3	11	11	5	5					3					
50	80	0	-16	0	-16	0	-11	0	-9	16	16	4	3	12	12	6	5					4					
80	120	0	-18	0	-18	0	-13	0	-10	18	18	5	3	14	14	7	5					4					
120	150	0	-20	0	-20	0	-15	0	-11	20	20	5	3	15	15	8	6					4					
150	180	0	-25	0	-25	0	-18	0	-13	25	25	5	3	19	19	9	7					5					
180	250	0	-30	0	-30	0	-20	0	-15	30	30	6	4	23	23	10	8					6					
250	315	0	-35	0	-35	0	-25	0	-18	35	35	8	5	26	26	13	9					6					
315	400	0	-40	0	-40	0	-28	0	-20	40	40	10	5	30	30	14	10					6					

Note: Please consult NTN Engineering for Class A bearings.

Table 6.8 (3) Effective width of inner subunits and outer rings

Nominal bore diameter <i>d</i> mm		Deviation of the actual effective width of inner subunit assembled with a master outer ring								Deviation of the actual effective width of outer ring assembled with a master inner subunit													
		$\Delta T_{1s}$								$\Delta T_{2s}$													
		Class K		Class N		Class C		Class B		Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B	Class K	Class N	Class C	Class B						
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
10	80	+100	0	+50	0	+100	-100	*	*	+100	0	+50	0	+100	-100	*	*						
80	120	+100	-100	+50	0	+100	-100	*	*	+100	-100	+50	0	+100	-100	*	*						
120	180	+150	-150	+50	0	+100	-100	*	*	+200	-100	+100	0	+100	-150	*	*						
180	250	+150	-150	+50	0	+100	-150	*	*	+200	-100	+100	0	+100	-150	*	*						

Note: 1. " \* " mark bearings are manufactured only for combined bearings.  
2. Please consult NTN Engineering for Class A bearings.

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Deviation of the actual assembled bearing width							
$\Delta T_s$							
Class K		Class N		Class C		Class B	
Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200	+200	-200
+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200	+200	-200
+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200	+200	-200
+200	0	+100	0	+200	-200	+200	-200
+200	-200	+100	0	+200	-200	+200	-200
+350	-250	+150	0	+350	-250	+200	-250
+350	-250	+150	0	+350	-300	+200	-300

Table 6.8 (4) Radial runout of inner and outer rings

Nominal outside diameter <i>D</i> mm		Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing <i>K<sub>ia</sub></i>				Radial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing <i>K<sub>ea</sub></i>			
		Class K		Class N		Class C		Class B	
		Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
18	30	18	18	5	3				
30	50	20	20	6	3				
50	80	25	25	6	4				
80	120	35	35	6	4				
120	150	40	40	7	4				
150	180	45	45	8	4				
180	250	50	50	10	5				
250	315	60	60	11	5				
315	400	70	70	13	5				

Note: Please consult NTN Engineering for Class A bearings.

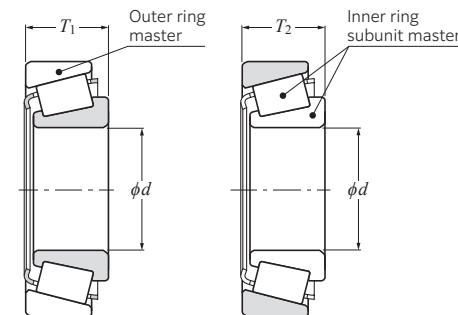


Table 6.9 Tolerance of thrust ball bearings

Table 6.9 (1) Shaft washer

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal bore diameter		Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane				Variation of bore diameter in a single plane		Variation in thickness between shaft washer raceway and back face			
$d$ mm		$\Delta d_{mp}$				$V_{dsp}$		$S_i$			
Over	Incl.	Class 0, 6, 5		Class 4		Class 0, 6, 5	Class 4	Class 0	Class 6	Class 5	Class 4
		Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.	Max.
—	18	0	-8	0	-7	6	5	10	5	3	2
18	30	0	-10	0	-8	8	6	10	5	3	2
30	50	0	-12	0	-10	9	8	10	6	3	2
50	80	0	-15	0	-12	11	9	10	7	4	3
80	120	0	-20	0	-15	15	11	15	8	4	3
120	180	0	-25	0	-18	19	14	15	9	5	4
180	250	0	-30	0	-22	23	17	20	10	5	4
250	315	0	-35	0	-25	26	19	25	13	7	5
315	400	0	-40	0	-30	30	23	30	15	7	5
400	500	0	-45	0	-35	34	26	30	18	9	6
500	630	0	-50	0	-40	38	30	35	21	11	7

Table 6.9 (2) Housing washer

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal outside diameter		Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane				Variation of outside diameter in a single plane		Variation in thickness between housing washer raceway and back face	
$D$ mm		$\Delta D_{mp}$				$V_{Dsp}$		$S_e$	
Over	Incl.	Class 0, 6, 5		Class 4		Class 0, 6, 5	Class 4	Class 0, 6, 5, 4	
		Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Max.	Max.	Max.	
10	18	0	-11	0	-7	8	5	Depends on tolerance of $S_i$ against $d$ of the same bearings	
18	30	0	-13	0	-8	10	6		
30	50	0	-16	0	-9	12	7		
50	80	0	-19	0	-11	14	8		
80	120	0	-22	0	-13	17	10		
120	180	0	-25	0	-15	19	11		
180	250	0	-30	0	-20	23	15		
250	315	0	-35	0	-25	26	19		
315	400	0	-40	0	-28	30	21		
400	500	0	-45	0	-33	34	25		
500	630	0	-50	0	-38	38	29		
630	800	0	-75	0	-45	55	34		

Table 6.9 (3) Bearing height

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal bore diameter		Deviation of the actual bearing height, single-direction bearing <sup>1)</sup>	
$d$ mm		$\Delta T_s$	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower
—	30	0	-75
30	50	0	-100
50	80	0	-125
80	120	0	-150
120	180	0	-175
180	250	0	-200
250	315	0	-225
315	400	0	-300
400	500	0	-350
500	630	0	-400

1) Applies to flat back face bearing of Class 0. The values are the NTN standard.

Table 6.10 Tolerance of thrust spherical roller bearings

Table 6.10 (1) Shaft washer

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal bore diameter		Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane		Variation of bore diameter in a single plane	Perpendicularity of shaft washer back face with respect to the bore <sup>1)</sup>	Deviation of the actual bearing height <sup>1)</sup>	
$d$ mm		$\Delta d_{mp}$		$V_{dsp}$	$S_d$	$\Delta T_s$	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower	Max.	Max.	Upper	Lower
50	80	0	-15	11	25	+150	-150
80	120	0	-20	15	25	+200	-200
120	180	0	-25	19	30	+250	-250
180	250	0	-30	23	30	+300	-300
250	315	0	-35	26	35	+350	-350
315	400	0	-40	30	40	+400	-400
400	500	0	-45	34	45	+450	-450

1) The standard conforms to JIS B 1539.

Table 6.10 (2) Housing washer

Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal outside diameter		Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane	
$D$ mm		$\Delta D_{mp}$	
Over	Incl.	Upper	Lower
120	180	0	-25
180	250	0	-30
250	315	0	-35
315	400	0	-40
400	500	0	-45
500	630	0	-50
630	800	0	-75
800	1 000	0	-100



## 6.3 Chamfer measurements and tolerance or allowable values of tapered bore

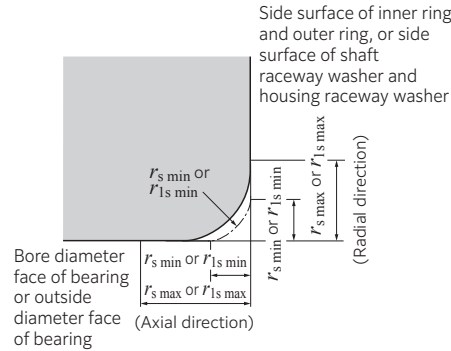


Table 6.11 Allowable critical-value of bearing chamfer

Table 6.11 (1) Radial bearings (except tapered roller bearing) Unit: mm

$r_s \text{ min}^{(1)}$ or $r_{1s} \text{ min}$	Nominal bore diameter $d$		$r_s \text{ max}$ or $r_{1s} \text{ max}$	
	Over	Incl.	Radial direction	Axial direction
0.05	—	—	0.1	0.2
0.08	—	—	0.16	0.3
0.1	—	—	0.2	0.4
0.15	—	—	0.3	0.6
0.2	—	—	0.5	0.8
0.3	— 40	40 —	0.6 0.8	1 1
0.6	— 40	40 —	1 1.3	2 2
1	— 50	50 —	1.5 1.9	3 3
1.1	— 120	120 —	2 2.5	3.5 4
1.5	— 120	120 —	2.3 3	4 5
2	— 80 220	80 220 —	3 3.5 3.8	4.5 5 6
2.1	— 280	280 —	4 4.5	6.5 7
2.5	— 100 280	100 280 —	3.8 4.5 5	6 6 7
3	— 280	280 —	5 5.5	8 8
4	—	—	6.5	9
5	—	—	8	10
6	—	—	10	13
7.5	—	—	12.5	17
9.5	—	—	15	19
12	—	—	18	24
15	—	—	21	30
19	—	—	25	38

1) These are the allowable minimum dimensions of the chamfer dimension "r" or "r<sub>1</sub>" and are described in the dimensional table.

Table 6.11 (2) Tapered roller bearings of metric series Unit: mm

$r_s \text{ min}^{(2)}$ or $r_{1s} \text{ min}$	Nominal bore diameter $d^{(3)}$ or nominal outside diameter $D$		$r_s \text{ max}$ or $r_{1s} \text{ max}$	
	Over	Incl.	Radial direction	Axial direction
0.3	— 40	40 —	0.7 0.9	1.4 1.6
0.6	— 40	40 —	1.1 1.3	1.7 2
1	— 50	50 —	1.6 1.9	2.5 3
1.5	— 120 250	120 250 —	2.3 2.8 3.5	3 3.5 4
2	— 120 250 250	120 250 —	2.8 3.5 4	4 4.5 5
2.5	— 120 250 250	120 250 —	3.5 4 4.5	5 5.5 6
3	— 120 250 400	120 250 400 —	4 4.5 5.5	5.5 6.5 7.5
4	— 120 250 400	120 250 400 —	5 5.5 6.5	7 7.5 8.5
5	— 180	180 —	6.5 7.5	8 9
6	— 180	180 —	7.5 9	10 11

2) These are the allowable minimum dimensions of the chamfer dimension "r" or "r<sub>1</sub>" and are described in the dimensional table.

3) Inner rings shall be in accordance with the division of "d" and outer rings with that of "D".

Note: The standard applies to the bearings whose dimensional series (refer to the dimensional table) are specified in the standard ISO 355 or JIS B 1512-3. For further information concerning bearings outside of these standards or tapered roller bearings using a US customary unit, please contact NTN Engineering.

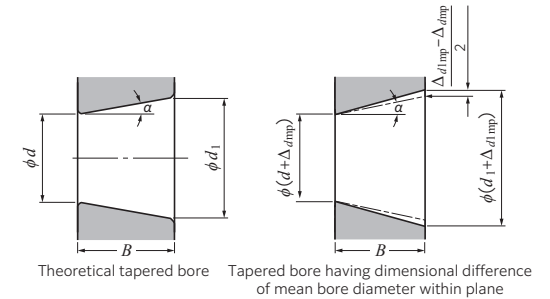


Table 6.12 (1) Tolerance of tapered bores of radial bearings and tapered bores with allowable standard taper ratio 1:12 (Class 0) Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

$d$ mm	$\Delta d_{mp}$	$\Delta d_{1mp} - \Delta d_{mp}$		$V_{dsp}^{(1)(2)}$ Max.
		Upper	Lower	
10	+22	0	+15	9
18	+33	0	+21	13
30	+39	0	+25	16
50	+46	0	+30	19
80	+54	0	+35	22
120	+63	0	+40	40
180	+72	0	+46	46
250	+81	0	+52	52
315	+89	0	+57	57
400	+97	0	+63	63
500	+110	0	+70	70
630	+125	0	+80	—
800	+140	0	+90	—
1000	+165	0	+105	—
1250	+195	0	+125	—

Table 6.12 (2) Tolerance of tapered bores of radial bearings and tapered bores with allowable standard taper ratio 1:30 (Class 0) Unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

$d$ mm	$\Delta d_{mp}$	$\Delta d_{1mp} - \Delta d_{mp}$		$V_{dsp}^{(1)(2)}$ Max.
		Upper	Lower	
50	+15	0	+30	19
80	+20	0	+35	22
120	+25	0	+40	40
180	+30	0	+46	46
250	+35	0	+52	52
315	+40	0	+57	57
400	+45	0	+63	63
500	+50	0	+70	70

1) Applies to all radial flat planes of tapered bores.

2) Does not apply to diameter series 7 and 8.

Note: Quantifiers

For a standard taper ratio of  $\frac{1}{12}$ ,  $d_1 = d + \frac{1}{12} B$

For a standard taper ratio of  $\frac{1}{30}$ ,  $d_1 = d + \frac{1}{30} B$

$\Delta d_{mp}$  : Dimensional difference of the mean bore diameter within the flat surface at the theoretical small end of the tapered bore

$\Delta d_{1mp}$  : Dimensional difference of the mean bore diameter within the flat surface at the theoretical large end of the tapered bore

$V_{dsp}$  : Unevenness of the bore diameter with the flat surface

$B$  : Nominal width of inner ring

$\alpha$  :  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the tapered bore's standard taper angle

For a standard taper ratio of  $\frac{1}{12}$  For standard taper ratio of  $\frac{1}{30}$

$\alpha = 2^\circ 23' 9.4''$   $\alpha = 0^\circ 57' 17.4''$

$= 2.38594^\circ$   $= 0.95484^\circ$

$= 0.041643 \text{ rad}$   $= 0.016665 \text{ rad}$

Table 6.11 (3) Thrust bearings Unit: mm

$r_s \text{ min}$ or $r_{1s} \text{ min}^{(4)}$	$r_s \text{ max}$ or $r_{1s} \text{ max}$ Radial and axial directions	
	0.05	0.1
0.08	0.16	
0.1	0.2	
0.15	0.3	
0.2	0.5	
0.3	0.8	
0.6	1.5	
1	2.2	
1.1	2.7	
1.5	3.5	
2	4	
2.1	4.5	
3	5.5	
4	6.5	
5	7	
6	8	
7.5	10	
9.5	15	
12	18	
15	21	
19	25	

4) These are the allowable minimum dimensions of the chamfer dimension "r" or "r<sub>1</sub>" and are described in the dimensional table.

## 6.4 Bearing tolerance measurement methods

For reference, measurement methods for rolling bearing tolerances are specified in JIS B 1515-2.

Table 6.13 shows some of the major methods of measuring rotation tolerances.

Table 6.13 Rotation tolerance measurement methods

Accuracy characteristics	Measurement methods	
Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing ( $K_{ia}$ )		Radial runout of the inner ring is the difference between the maximum and minimum reading of the measuring device when the inner ring is turned one revolution.
Radial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing ( $K_{ea}$ )		Radial runout of the outer ring is the difference between the maximum and minimum reading of the measuring device when the outer ring is turned one revolution.
Axial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing ( $S_{ia}$ )		Axial runout of the inner ring is the difference between the maximum and minimum reading of the measuring device when the inner ring is turned one revolution.
Axial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing ( $S_{ea}$ )		Axial runout of the outer ring is the difference between the maximum and minimum reading of the measuring device when the outer ring is turned one revolution.
Perpendicularity of inner ring face with respect to the bore ( $S_d$ )		The squareness of the inner ring side surface is the difference between the maximum and minimum readings of the measuring device when the inner ring is turned one revolution together with the tapered mandrel.
Perpendicularity of outer ring outside surface with respect to the face ( $S_D$ )		The squareness of the outer ring outside diameter surface is the difference between the maximum and minimum readings of the measuring device when the outside ring is turned one revolution along the reinforcing plate.

## 6.5 Geometrical product specifications (GPS)

GPS is an abbreviation of geometrical product specifications. GPS is the new drawing notation for accurately describing the geometrical specifications of product shapes, dimensions, and surface characteristics. The standard that specifies rules for making drawings with GPS is called "GPS standard."

### <Purpose of GPS>

While conventional drawing notation typically describes product dimensions and characteristics accurately, there are several "unclear" aspects of the conventional notation that can lead to varying interpretations (see Fig. 6.2). The main purpose of the GPS is to eliminate the ambiguity of drawing notation, thereby preventing troubles.

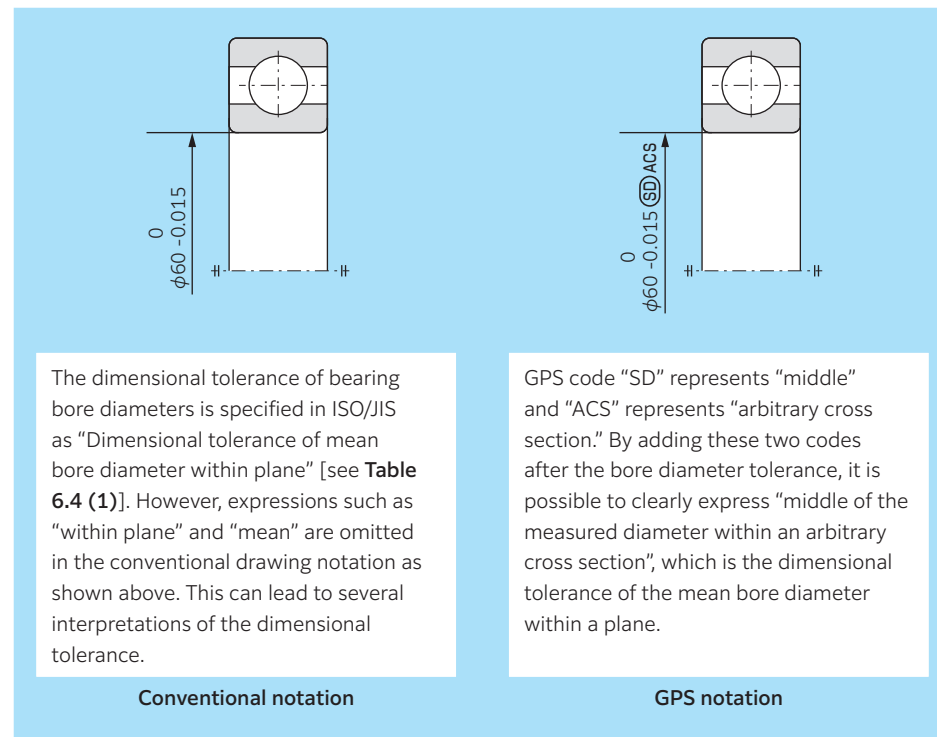


Fig. 6.2 Notation example of bearing bore diameter tolerance

### <Applying GPS to rolling bearings>

In regards to standards related to roller bearings, ISO 492 specifying the tolerance of radial bearings and ISO 199 specifying the tolerance of thrust bearings were revised with GPS in 2014. In response to this, JIS B 1514-1 and JIS B 1514-2 were also revised in 2017.

### <Example of bearing drawing applying GPS>

Fig. 6.3 shows an example of a bearing drawing that uses GPS.

Drawings that use GPS include notations and codes that are different from the ones used in conventional drawings.

For details, please contact **NTN** Engineering.

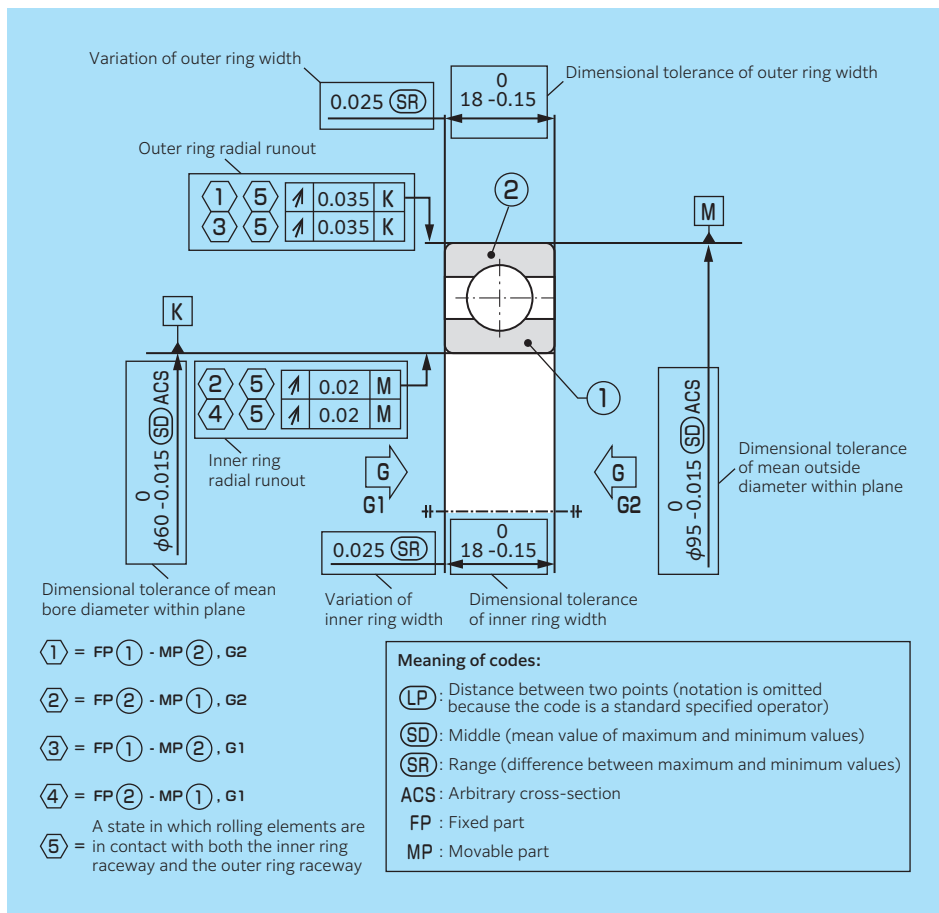


Fig. 6.3 Example of bearing drawing applying GPS